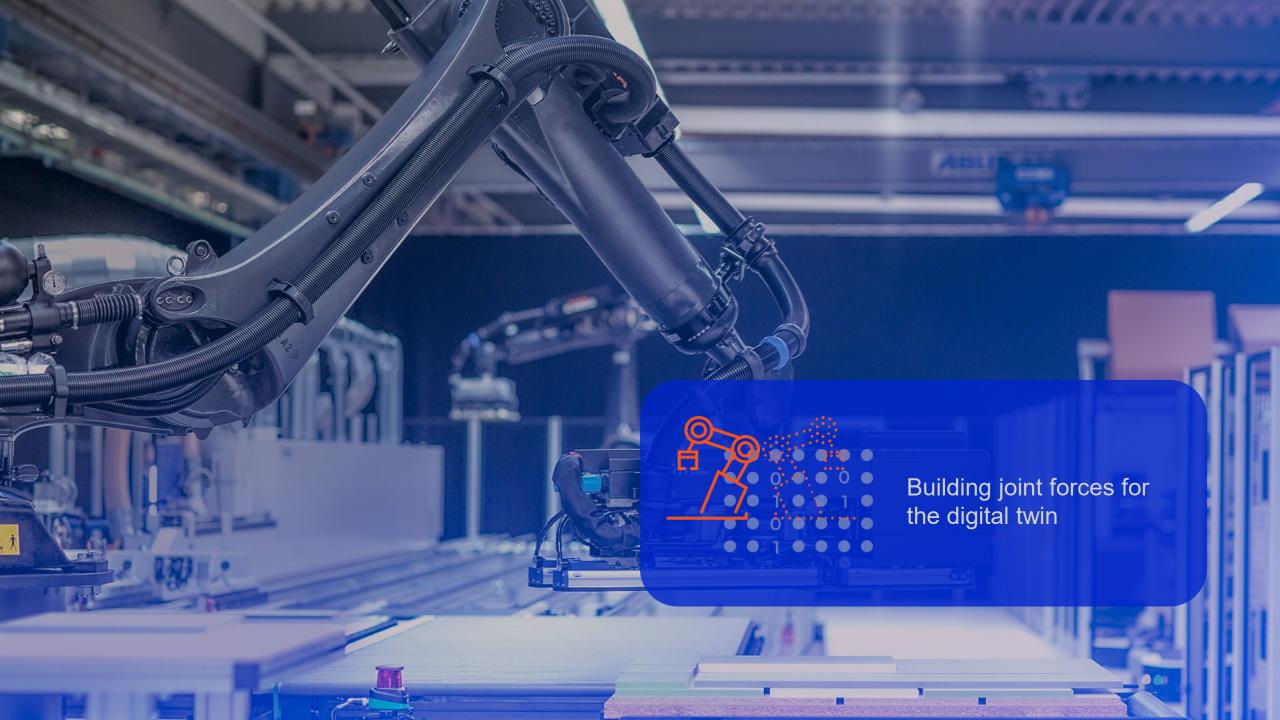
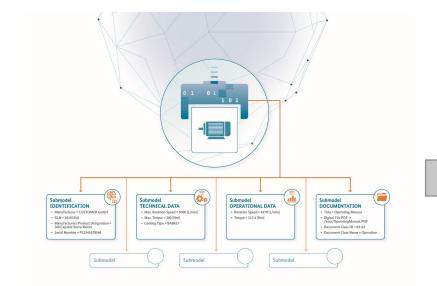


Tutorial

Details of the Asset Administration Shell Taken Literally – Learn about the underlying UML Information Model V3.0RC02



From Concept to Specification







SPECIFICATION

Details of the Asset Administration Shell



IDTA Industrial

ZVEI

Part 1 - The exchange of information between partners in the value chain of Industrie 4.0 (Version 3.0RC02)

May 2022

For whom is this tutorial?



- You should have an idea of the benefits of introducting digital twins to your domain
- You should know about the basic concepts of the Asset Administration Shell
- You should have basic knowledge in UML modeling
- You want to learn more about the underlying information model of the Asset Administration Shell
- Security Experts are put of to wait for a separate tutorial

- 5.6 Overview Metamodel of the Administration Shell
- ✓ ☐ 5.7 Metamodel Specification Details: Designators (normative)
 - 5.7.1 Introduction
 - > \(\) 5.7.2 Common Attributes
 - 5.7.3 Asset Administration Shell Attributes
 - 5.7.4 Asset Information Attributes
 - 5.7.5 Submodel Attributes
 - 5.7.6 Submodel Element Attributes
 - > 🔲 5.7.7 Overview of Submodel Element Types
 - 5.7.8 Concept Description Attributes
 - 5.7.9 Environment
 - > \ 5.7.10 Referencing in Asset Administration Shells
 - 5.7.11 Templates, Inheritance, Qualifiers and Categories
 - > 🔲 5.7.12 Primitive and Simple Data Types
 - > \ 5.7.13 Cross Constraints and Invariants
- 6 Predefined Data Specification Templates



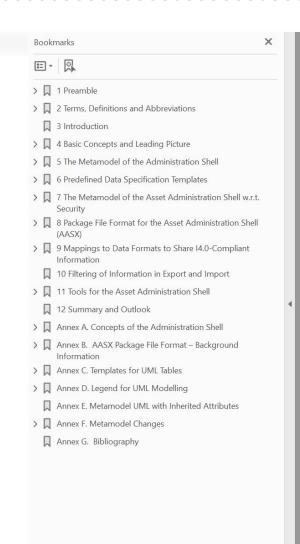
Download Specification

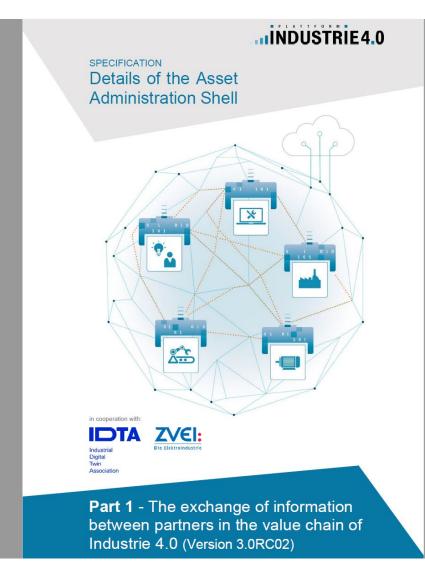


https://www.plattformi40.de/IP/Redaktion/EN/Standardartikel/s pecification-administrationshell.html

https://www.plattformi40.de/IP/Redaktion/DE/Downloads/Publik ation/Details of the Asset Administratio n Shell Part1 V3.html

https://industrialdigitaltwin.org/contenthub/downloads





Import XMI to your UML tooling

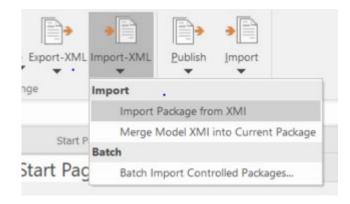


aas-specs / schemas / xmi /

https://github.com/admin-shell-io/aasspecs/tree/master/schemas/xmi

https://github.com/admin-shell-io/aas-specs/releases

2.



- 1. Fetch release of AAS you are interested in
- Import xmi file into UML tool (best with Enterprise/Architect)

Metamodel Changes



✓ ☐ Annex F. Metamodel Changes

i. General

✓ □ ii. Changes V3.0RC02 vs. V2.0.1

a. Metamodel Changes V3.0RC02 vs. V2.0.1 w/o Security Part

b. Metamodel Changes V3.0RC02 vs. V2.0.1 – Data Specification IEC61360

c. Metamodel Changes V3.0RC02 vs. V2.0.1 – Security Part

🗸 📘 iii. Changes V3.0RC02 vs. V3.0RC01

a. Metamodel Changes V3.0RC02 vs. V3.0RC01 w/o Security Part

b. Metamodel Changes V3.0RC02 vs. V3.0RC01 – Data Specification IEC61360

c. Metamodel Changes V3.0RC02 vs. V3.0RC01 – Security Part

> 🔲 v. Changes V2.0.1 vs. V2.0

> 🔲 vi. Changes V2.0 vs. V1.0

Note for Experts: <Notes for tutorial listeners who have knowledge of previous versions of the specification. If you do not know previous versions you can ignore these notes.>



11 - Birgit Boss Details of the AAS the UML Metamodel

V3.0RC01

https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCvYk-bRkF9-x0HdpJfEcV7g



UML Legend

- Get (re-)familiar with general UML modeling rules
- 2. Get familiar with specific graphical representation of UML in the specification (partly tool specific)

ANNEX D. LEGEND FOR UML MODELLING

OMG UML GENERAL

In the following the used UML elements used in this specification are explained. For more information please refer to the comprehensive literature available for UML. The formal specification can be found in [47].

Figure 84 shows a class with name "Class1" and an attribute with name "attr" of type *Class2*. Attributes are owned by the class. Some of these attributes may represents the end of binary associations, see also Figure 91. In this case the instance of *Class2* is navigable via the instance of the owning class *Class1*.⁵¹

Figure 84 Class



Figure 85 shows that *Class4* is inheriting all member elements from *Class3*. Or in other word, *Class3* is a generalization of *Class4*, *Class4* is a specialization of *Class3*. This means that each instance of *Class4* is also an instance of *Class3*. An instance of *Class4* has the attributes *attr1* and *attr2* whereas instances of *Class3* only have the attribute *attr1*.

Figure 85 Inheritance/Generalization

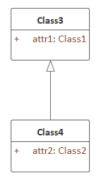


Figure 86 defines the required and allowed multiplicity/cardinality within an association between instances of Class1 and Class2. In this example an instance of Class2 is always related to exactly one instance of Class1. An instance of Class1 is either related to none, one or more (unlimited, i.e. no constraint on the upper bound) instances of Class2. The relationship can change over time.

Multiplicity constraints can also be added to attributes and aggregations.

The notation of multiplicity is as follows:

<lower-bound>.. <upper-bound>

The Asset Administration Shell Metamodel

UML Generalization/Inheritance



Class1
+ class2: Class2

Class3

A)

B)

Class1

Class1
Class3
::Class1
+ class2: Class2

C)

Hint: Graphical representation tool specific

:: UML Shared Aggregation



Referables is an important concept to understand when implementing the AAS

A)

+attr

Referable
Class2

Class1
+ attr: Reference

Reference

+ type: ReferenceTypes
+ referredSemanticId: Reference [0..1]
+ key: Key [1..*] {ordered}

B)

{Key/type = Class2 (of last Key in Key Chain)}

Note for experts: In previous versions a notation of class attributes with reference (*) was used additionally to the notation with the association with the diamond.

11

Enumerations



A)

«enumeration»
Enumeration1

a

«enumeration»
Enumeration2

b

B)

«enumeration»
Enumeration1

a
Attributes
::Enumeration2
+ b

C)

Note 1: A) and B) are just introduced for easier maintenance of enumerations

«enumeration» Enumeration1

a

b

«enumeration» Enumeration2

b

:: Templates



ii. TEMPLATE FOR CLASSES

Template for Classes:

Class:			
Explanation:			
Inherits from:			
Attribute	Explanation	Туре	Card.

Note for experts:
ModelReference<Submod
elElement> is equal to
former notation
SubmodelElement*

Note for experts: no kind column any longer, instead different notation for Type

The following kinds of *Types* are distinguished:

- Primitive: Type is no object type (class) but a data type, it is just a value
- Class: Type is an object type (class), it realized as composite aggregation (composition) (does not
 exist independent of its parent)
- ModelReference<{Referable}> is a Reference with Reference/type=ModelReference. Such a reference is called model reference. The {Referable} is to be substituted by any referable element (including Referable itself for the most generic case): The element that is referred to is denoted in the Key/type=<{Referable}> for the last Key in the model reference. For the graphical representation see Annex Legend for UML Modelling, Figure 103. For more information on referencing see Clause 5.7.9.

Example for Class Specification



DataElement

Property

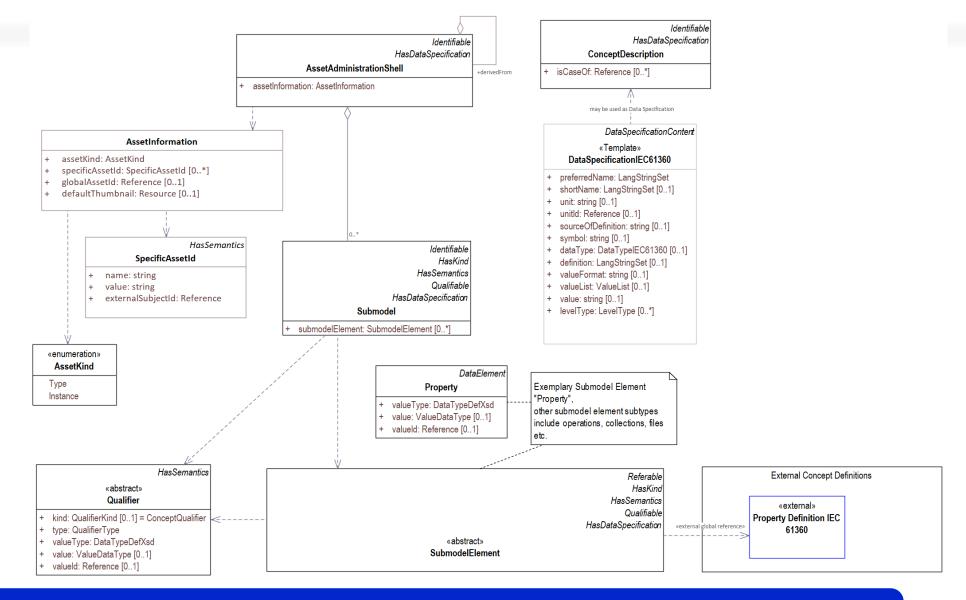
- + valueType: DataTypeDefXsd
- + value: ValueDataType [0..1]
- + valueld: Reference [0..1]

Class:	Property			
Explanation:	A property is a data element that has a single value.			
	<u>Constraint AASd-007:</u> If both, the <i>Property/value</i> and the <i>Property/valueId</i> are present then the value of <i>Property/value</i> needs to be identical to the value of the referenced coded value in <i>Property/valueId</i> .			
Inherits from:	DataElement			
Attribute	Explanation	Туре	Card.	
valueType	Data type of the value	DataTypeDefXsd	1	
value	The value of the property instance.	ValueDataType	01	
valueld	Reference to the global unique ID of a coded value.	Reference	01	
	It is recommended to use a global reference.			



Overview – the goal is to be able to read this diagram





The Asset Administration Shell Metamodel 16 31.10.2022

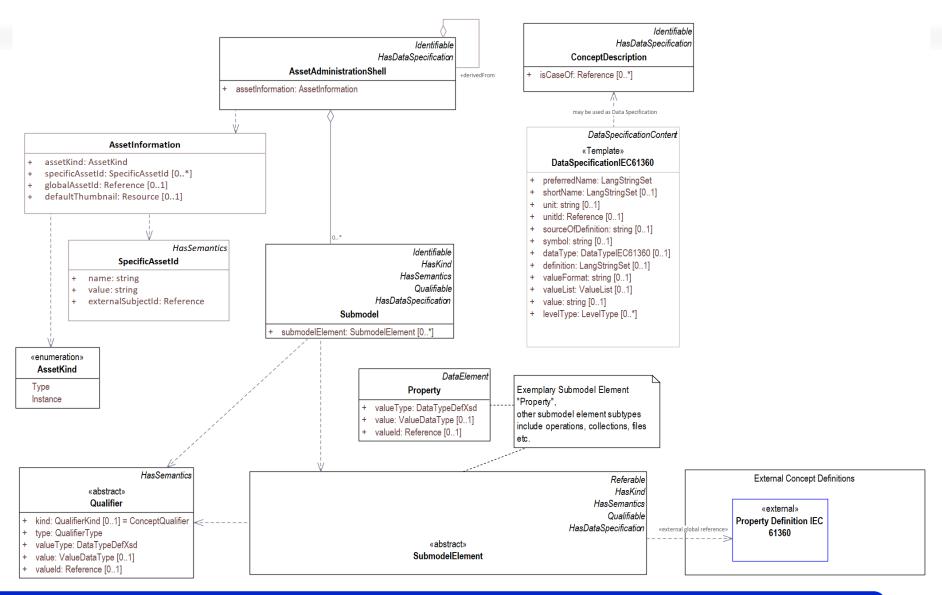
Overview – the goal is to be able to read this diagram



Note for Experts: no views supported any longer

Note for Experts: no assets supported any longer, assetInformation introduced instead

Note for Experts: Security and Asset Administration Shell now loosely coupled only



The Asset Administration Shell Metamodel 17 31.10.2022

Common



Common

- + AdministrativeInformation
- + Extension
- + h0_HasExtensions
- + h1 Referable
- + h2 Identifiable
- + h3 HasKind
- 📑 + h4_HasSemantics
- 📑 + h5_Qualifiable
- + h6_HasDataSpecification
- + Qualifier
- + QualifierKind
- + Referencing
- 🗀 + Common Metamodel Types
- + Types

- √ □ 5.7.2 Common Attributes
 - 5.7.2.1 Extensions (HasExtensions)
 - 5.7.2.2 Referable Attributes
 - ☐ 5.7.2.3 Identifiable Attributes
 - 5.7.2.4 Template or Instance of Model Element Attributes (HasKind)
 - 5.7.2.5 Administrative Information Attributes
 - 5.7.2.6 Semantic References Attributes (HasSemantics)
 - ☐ 5.7.2.7 Qualifiable Attributes
 - 5.7.2.8 Qualifier Attributes
 - 5.7.2.9 Used Templates for Data Specification Attributes (HasDataSpecification)

Note: h0_ h1_ are just added for sorting. In diagrams alias are used without this prefix. Only in package overview and inheritance alias are not used in the tooling.

Common – Identifiables and Referables



HasExtensions

«abstract»

Referable

- + category: string [0..1]
- + idShort: string [0..1]
- + displayName: LangStringSet [0..1]
- + description: LangStringSet [0..1]
- + checksum: string [0..1]



«abstract»

Identifiable

- + administration: AdministrativeInformation [0..1]
- + id: Identifier

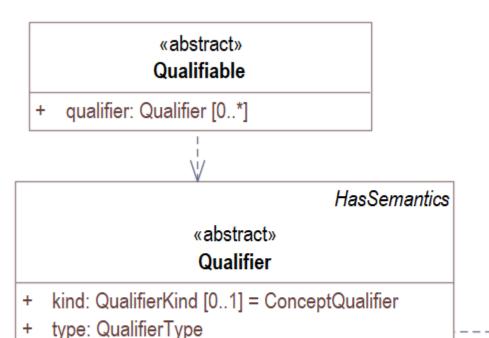
Note for Experts:
Identifier in previous
versions of the
specification had two
attributes: the ID itself
and the ID type (IRI, IRDI,
Custom). The ID type was
removed from the model.

Note for Experts: idShort now optional but still required for nonidentiable referables. DisplayName introduced and checksum.

The Asset Administration Shell Metamodel 19 31.10.2022

Common - Qualifiables

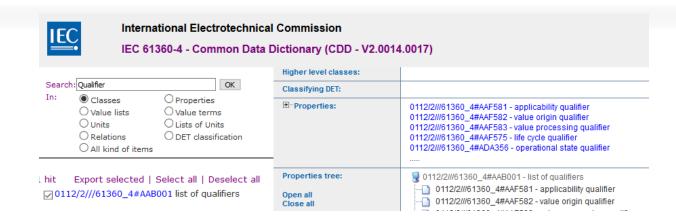




valueType: DataTypeDefXsd

value: ValueDataType [0..1]

valueld: Reference [0..1]



«enumeration» QualifierKind

ValueQualifier ConceptQualifier TemplateQualifier

Note for Experts: No Formulas (or other Constraints) supported for Qualifiables any longer,

Note for Experts:
Qualifier kind introduced

The Asset Administration Shell Metamodel 20 31.10.2022

Common - HasSemantics



«abstract» HasSemantics

- + semanticld: Reference [0..1]
- supplementalSemanticld: Reference [0..*]

The semanticld is a reference, either referring to a semantic definition in an external Data Dictionary (like for example ECLASS) or to an AAS Concept Description.

Note for Experts: Besides the semanticld supplemental semantic IDs are now possible to be added.

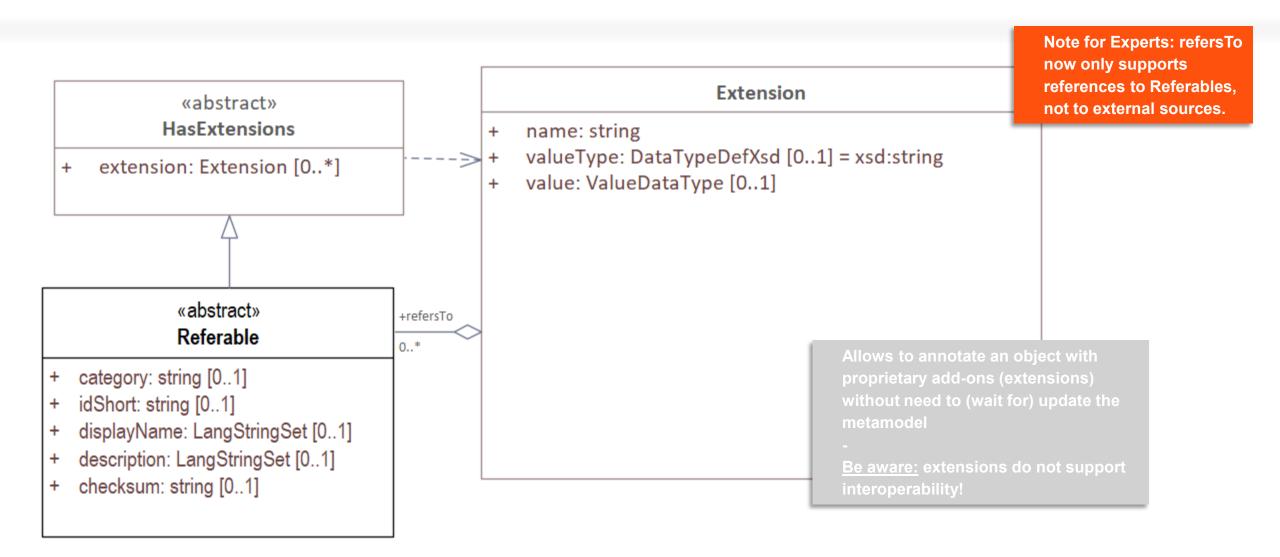


2000 = Max. rotation speed (1/min)

The Asset Administration Shell Metamodel 21 31.10.2022

Common - HasExtensions



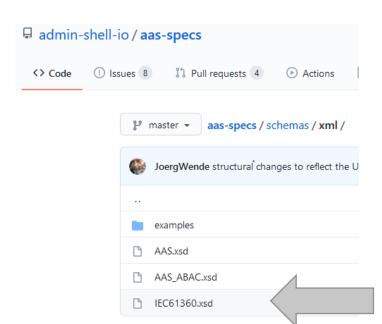


Common - HasDataSpecification





+ dataSpecification: Reference [0..*]



Predefined data specification IEC61360 in XML Serialization

Allows to define standardized templates for data specification

Data specification reference shall be globally unique and identifies which data specifications are used for an object

Attributes defined in template are added to the object

- 6 Predefined Data Specification Templates
 - ☐ 6.1 General
 - > 🔲 6.2 Data Specification Template Specification Details: Designators
 - > 🔲 6.3 Predefined Template for IEC61360 Properties, Value Lists and Values
 - > \(\bigcap \) 6.4 Predefined Templates for Unit Concept Descriptions
 - 6.5 Cross Constraints and Invariants for Predefined Data Specifications

Common - HasKind



«abstract» HasKind

+ kind: ModelingKind [0..1] = Instance

«enumeration» ModelingKind

Template Instance

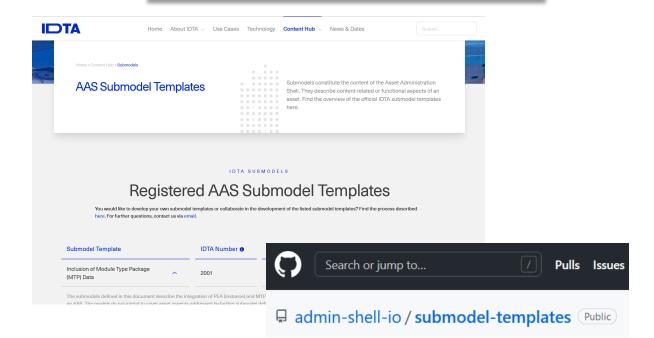
ModelingKind = Instance provides values for all data elements within a submodel

ModelingKind = Template is used to specify Submodel Templates, e.g. for the Digital Nameplate or Technical Data

«enumeration» AssetKind

Type Instance Note: Do not mix up with AssetKind.

AssetKind reflects the time in the life cycle of a product, e.g. in Engineering phase it is a product type, in production it is an product instance that is produced.



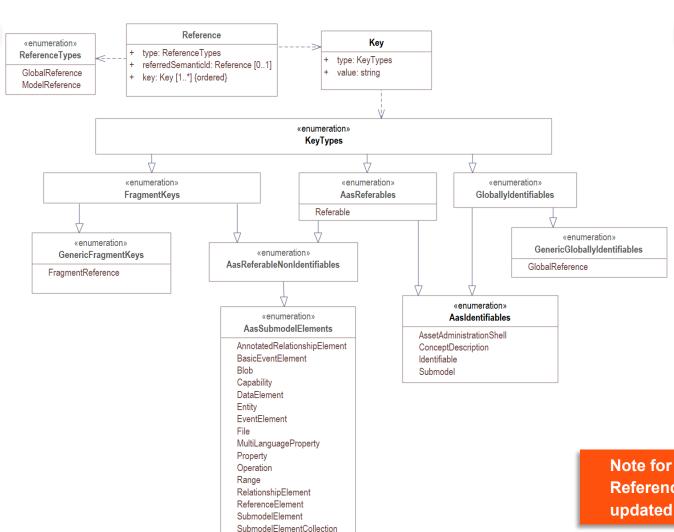
The Asset Administration Shell Metamodel 24 31.10.2022

Referencing

External
Global
References (e.g. to ECLASS IRDI, manfuacturer Web-Site)

References into a File (Fragment)

Model
References to
any Referable
in an AAS
model (e.g. to define
relationships between
elements)

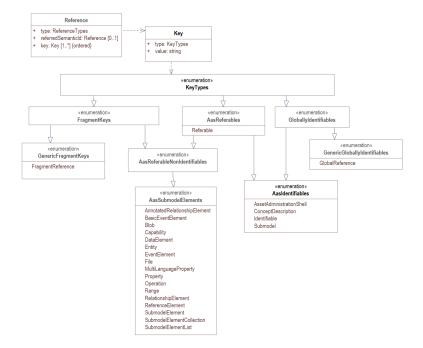


Note for Experts: Reference Concept updated

The Asset Administration Shell Metamodel 25 31.10.2022

SubmodelElementList

Referencing - Examples





9.2.3 Serialization of Values of Type "Reference"

In some mappings or serializations, the type "Reference" is converted into a single string. In this case we recommend using the following serialization:

```
<Reference> ::= ['['<KeyType>']']<Key>{, <Key>}*
  <KeyType> ::= GlobalRef | ModelRef
  <Key> ::= (<KeyType>)<KeyValue>
  <KeyType> ::= value of AAS:Key/type
  <KeyIdType> ::= value of AAS:Key/.idType
  <KeyValue> ::= value of AAS:Key/value
```

Note: An IRI may contain also special symbols like "(", "," and "[". For being able to distinguish beginning and end of a new key a blank is added before the new key or value.

Note: KeyType is optional because from the first key in the key chain it is clear whether the reference is a global or a model reference. The examples in this document therefore do not use this prefix.

Examples:

Global References:

(GlobalReference)0173-1#02-BAA120#008

[GlobalRef](GlobalReference)0173-1#02-BAA120#008

(Submodel)http://example.com/aas/1/1/1234859590, (SubmodelElementList)Documents, (SubmodelElementCollection)0, (MultiLanguageProperty)Title

Model References:

(ConceptDescription)0173-1#02-BAA120#008

[ModelRef](ConceptDescription)0173-1#02-BAA120#008

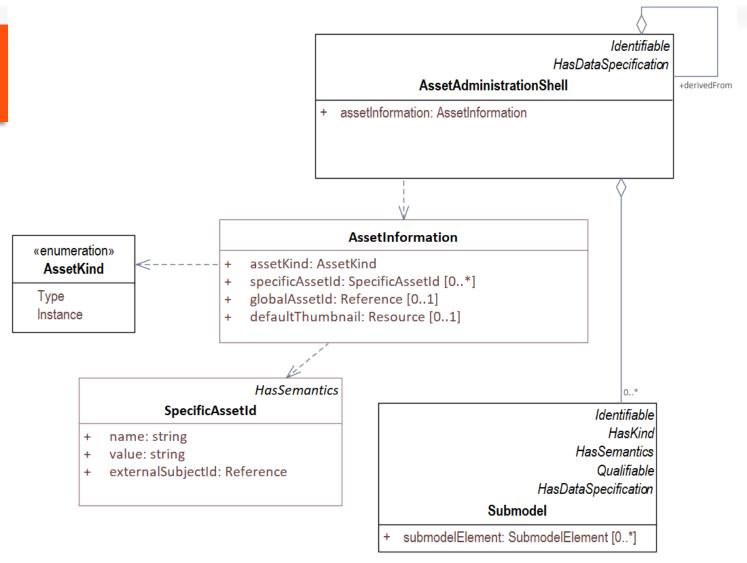
(Submodel)http://example.com/aas/1/1/1234859590, (Property)Temperature



The Asset Administration Shell



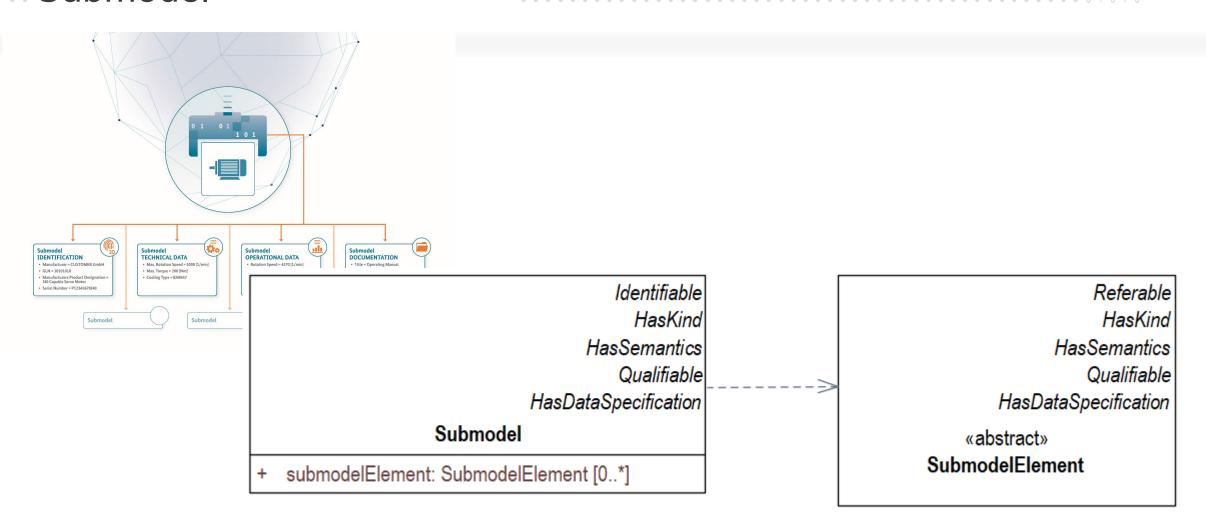
Note for Experts: Security and Asset Administration Shell now loosely coupled only



The Asset Administration Shell Metamodel 28 31.10.2022

Submodel





The Asset Administration Shell Metamodel 29 31.10.2022

Overview – Package Submodel Elements



✓ ☐ 5.7.7 Overview of Submodel Element Types
5.7.7.1 Annotated Relationship Element Attributes
5.7.7.2 Basic Event Element Attributes
☐ 5.7.7.3 Blob Attributes
5.7.7.4 Capability Attributes
5.7.7.5 Data Element and Overview of Data Element Types
5.7.7.6 Entity Attributes
☐ 5.7.7.7 Event Attributes
5.7.7.8 File Attributes
5.7.7.9 Multi Language Property Attributes
5.7.7.10 Operation Attributes
5.7.7.11 Property Attributes
5.7.7.12 Range Attributes
5.7.7.13 Reference Element Attributes
5.7.7.14 Relationship Element Attributes
5.7.7.15 Submodel Element Collection Attributes
5 7 7 16 Suhmodel Flement List Attributes

Submodel Elements

- + Blob
- + Capability
- + DataElement
- = + Entity
- = + EventElement
- + File
- + MultiLanguageProperty
- + Operation
- + Property

- + RelationshipElement

- + Submodel Element Entities

Note for Experts:

SubmodelElementCollection splitted into SubmodelElementCollection and SubmodelElementList

Submodel Element Entities

- + OperationVariable
- # + Direction

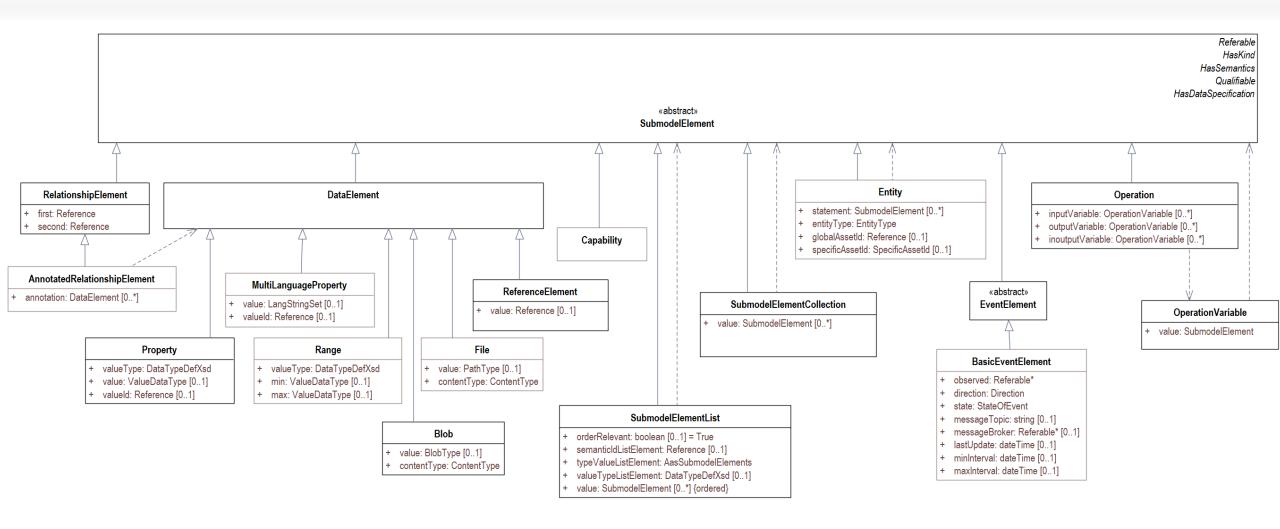
«import»

+ StateOfEvent

Note for Experts: updated submodel element Basic Event

Submodel Element Subtypes

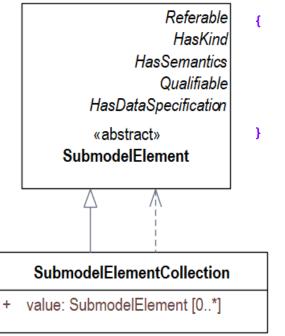




The Asset Administration Shell Metamodel 31 31.10.2022

Submodel Element Collections and Lists

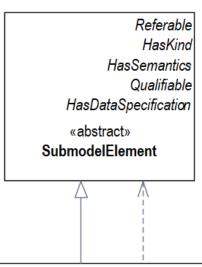




```
"NamesOfFamilyMembers": {
    "NameOfMother": "Martha ExampleFamily",
    "NameOfFather": "Jonathan ExampleFamily",
    "NameOfSon": "Clark ExampleFamily"
}
```

Difference in serialization in ValueOnly Format

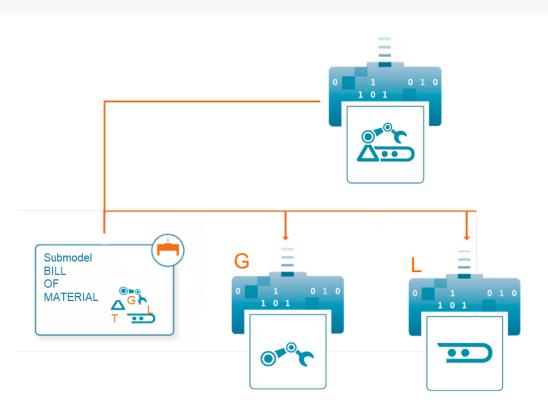
```
"NamesOfFamilyMembers": [
         "Martha ExampleFamily",
         "Jonathan ExampleFamily",
         "Clark ExampleFamily"
]
```

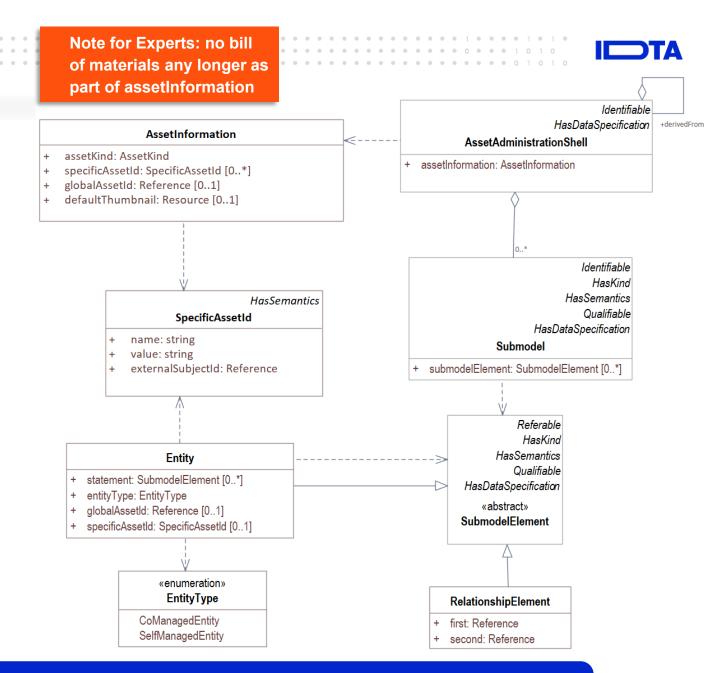


SubmodelElementList

- + orderRelevant: boolean [0..1] = True
- + semanticldListElement: Reference [0..1]
- + typeValueListElement: AasSubmodelElements
- + valueTypeListElement: DataTypeDefXsd [0..1]
- + value: SubmodelElement [0..*] {ordered}

Composite I4.0 Components

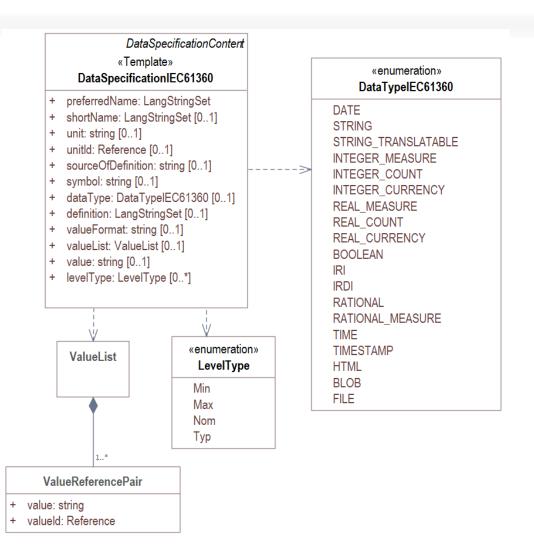




The Asset Administration Shell Metamodel 33 31.10.2022

Predefined Data Specification Template IEC61360





Property	0173-1#02-BAA120#008 Max. rotation speed
Data type	INTEGER_MEASURE
Unit of measure	1/min
Definition	Greatest possible rotation speed with wich the motor or feeding unit may be operated

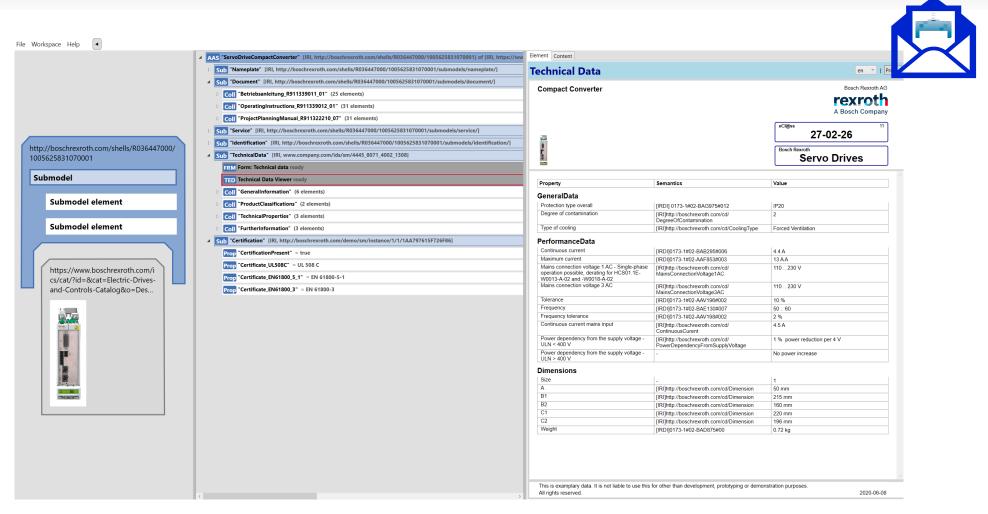
Note for Experts: additional data types

The Asset Administration Shell Metamodel 31.10.2022



:: AASX Package Explorer



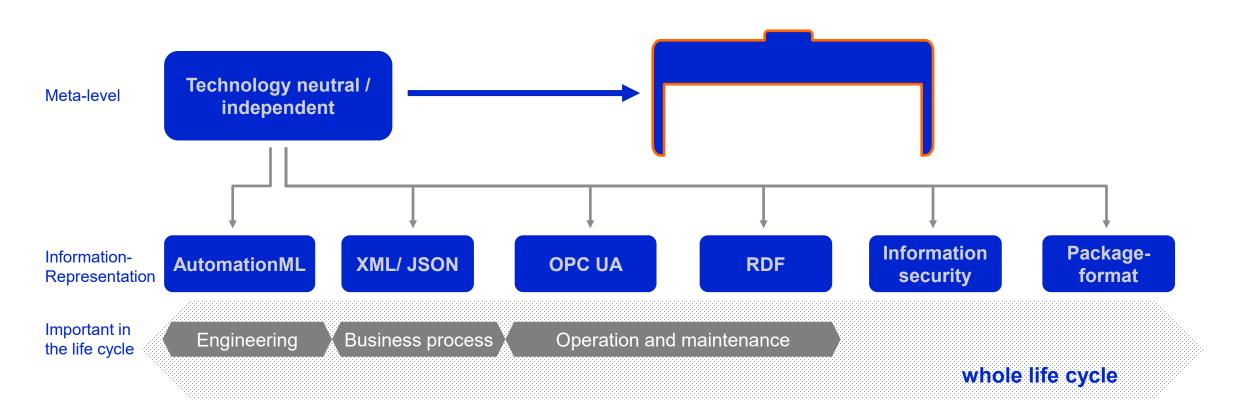


https://github.com/admin-shell-io/aasx-package-explorer

The Asset Administration Shell Metamodel 31.10.2022

:: Life Cycle Phases and Formats





The Asset Administration Shell Metamodel

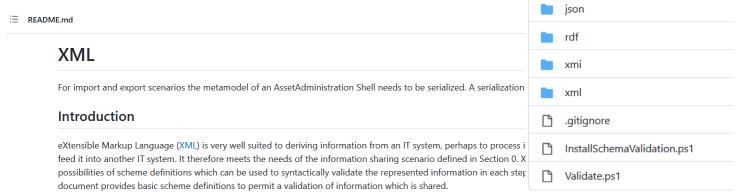
Serializations



→ □ 9 Mappings to Data Formats to Share I4.0-Compliant Information
☐ 9.1 General
> 🔲 9.2 General Rules
☐ 9.3 XML
☐ 9.4 JSON
☐ 9.5 RDF
☐ 9.6 AutomationML
9.7 OPC UA

https://github.com/admin-shell-io/aasspecs/tree/master/schemas

Note for Experts: Mapping Rules and Schema as well as examples not part of specification any longer → now part of open source project adminshell-io/aas-specs or maintained at other organizations.



The XML schema definitions are divided into three different files:

- Core definitions for the AssetAdministration Shell and its export container: aas.xsd
 - Namespace: "http://www.admin-shell.io/aas/3/0"
- IEC61360 datatype definition: iec61360.xsd
 - Namespace: "http://www.admin-shell.io/IEC61360/3/0"
- Attributed based access control definition: aas abac.xsd
 - Namespace: "http://www.admin-shell.io/aas/abac/3/0"

The namespace reflects the current version (3.0) of the specification.

XML MappingRules

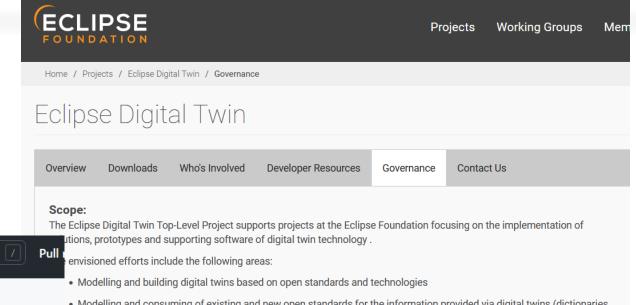
The main concepts of the XML schema and the resulting XML serialization are explained by the following rules. Rules 1 through 6 are general rules, while rules 7 through 11 are specific to References.

- 1. XSD global Types are used for modeling. For reusability XSD global types will be used for modeling. There will be a naming convention +'_t'
- 2. If present, names are taken from the information model. For comprehensibility reasons the XML key names should be the same as the representing Element in the metamodel.
- 3. All identifiables have an aggregation on root level. The identifiables are AssetAdministrationShells, Assets, Submodels,

The Asset Administration Shell Metamodel 38 31.10.2022

Open Source Support





admin-shell-io by IDTA AAS Industrial Digital Twin Association e.V. A https://idtwin.org/

https://github.com/orgs /admin-shell-io/

Search or jump to...

• 1 • 0 •

- . Modelling and consuming of existing and new open standards for the information provided via digital twins (dictionaries and semantic models/ontologies) components and modules for digital twins
- · Infrastructural components for developing and operating digital twins
- · Graphical User Interfaces for visualizing and interacting with digital twins
- · Backend adapters for gathering data provided via digital twins in standardized formats
- · Connection of digital twins with existing semantic dictionaries and ontologies
- · Usage of digital twins in federated infrastructures
- · Support of static (master data), dynamic (runtime) and behavioural data across the complete life cycle of an asset represented by a digital twin
- · Lifecycle Management of digital twins
- · Support of different development, testing, deployment, and operation strategies of digital twins
- · Integration of digital twins with other technologies
- Development examples and demonstrators of digital twins and tools

RELATED PROJECTS Project Hierarchy: » Eclipse Digital Twin » Eclipse AAS Model for Java » Eclipse AAS Web Client » Eclipse AASX Package Explorer » Eclipse BaSyx™

Status: June 2022

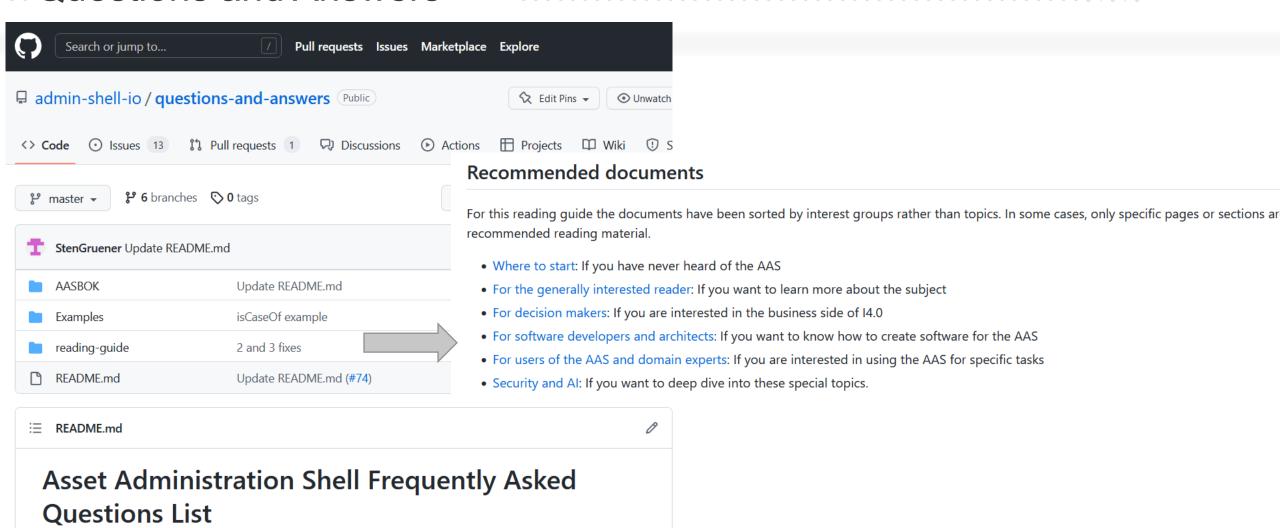
https://projects.eclipse.org/projects/dt/

The Asset Administration Shell Metamodel



Questions and Answers





https://github.com/admin-shell-io/questions-and-answers

The Asset Administration Shell Metamodel 41 31.10.2022

:: AAS Academy





Who we are and what we do... 42 31.10.2022



Let's go!





Connect on

www.linkedin.com/in/birgit-boss/

Dr. Birgit Boss

Robert Bosch GmbH, Bosch Connected Industry

- Chair of the Joint Working Group "Asset
 Administration Shell" of the Working Group "Open
 Technology" of the Industrial Digital Twin
 Association (IDTA) and the Working Group
 "Reference Architecture, Standards and Norms" of
 the Plattform Industrie 4.0
- Board member of the Industrial Digital Twin Association (IDTA) (<u>www.idtwin.org</u>)
- Active in additional initiatives with focus semantics and digital twins



www.industrialdigitaltwin.org